



- 1) Rotate I about CD $\int_0^2 \pi (4 - 2x)^2 dx$
- 2) Rotate I about AD $\int_0^4 \pi (2x)^2 dx = \int_0^4 \pi (\frac{1}{2}y)^2 dy$
- 3) Rotate I about $x=-1$ ~~$\int_{-1}^1 \pi (2x+1)^2 dx$~~ $\int_0^4 \pi (2x+1)^2 dx - \int_0^4 \pi dx$
- 4) Rotate II about BC ~~$\int_0^4 \pi (\frac{1}{2}y) (\frac{1}{2}y) dy$~~ $\int_0^4 \pi (\frac{1}{2}y) (\frac{1}{2}y) dy$
- 5) Rotate II about CD $\int_0^2 \pi [(4-x)^2 - (4-2x)^2] dx$
- 6) Rotate II about $x=4$ $\int_0^4 \pi [(4-\frac{1}{2}y)^2 - (4-y^{1/2})^2] dy$
- 7) Rotate III about AB $\int_0^2 \pi (x^2) dx$
- 8) Rotate III about BC $\int_0^4 \pi (2-y^{1/2})^2 dy$
- 9) Rotate III about CD $\int_0^2 \pi [4^2 - (4-x)^2] dx$
- 10) Rotate I and II about $x=-2$ $\int_0^4 \pi (-2-y^{1/2})^2 - (-2)^2 dy$